

Enter Your Name Bidie Boom Bop (Optional)**DIRECTIONS**

Read each question and choose the best answer. Then mark the circle next to the letter for the answer you have chosen.

1 The discovery of what natural resource in California in 1848 and 1849 caused rapid population growth in the region?

- ☒ A Gold - 1849
☐ B Silver
☐ C Copper
☐ D Iron

2 These people served as public officials during the Civil War. Which of the following matches is incorrect?

- ☒ F Jefferson Davis — secretary of state for the Confederacy
☐ G Ulysses S. Grant — commander of the Union arm
☐ H Robert E. Lee — commander of the Confederate army
☐ J Abraham Lincoln — president of the United States

Civil war - war between states over slavery
 Jefferson Davis - President of the south during civil war

Ulysses S. Grant - Appotomax court house
 Abraham Lincoln - Civil war pres.
 - Emansipation Proclamation
 - Tall

3 Textiles became a leading industry in the North after the cotton gin was invented by -

- ☐ A Daniel Webster
☐ B Benjamin Franklin
☒ C Eli Whitney
☐ D Samuel Slater

factories

- Inventor, works w/ other countries → diplomat
 - cotton gin & interchangeable parts

4 Economic activity in the New England colonies relied heavily on trade in part because -

- ☐ F Puritan beliefs prohibited farming for profit
☐ G farmers in the region feared attacks from Native Americans
☐ H a cold climate and poor soil made farming unprofitable
☐ J the British monarchy provided land grants only to southern colonies

New England - Ship building
 Puritan - do it my way or the highway

5 Benjamin Franklin convinced which of the following countries to lend military support to George Washington's Continental army during the American Revolution?

- ☐ A Prussia
☐ B Portugal
☐ C Russia
☒ D France

Benjamin Franklin - Inventor, diplomat, works with other countries

George Washington - continental commander & farewell address - isolationism

American Rev. - War between colonies & Great Britain

Use the quotation and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.

That man over there says that women need to be helped into carriages, and lifted over ditches. . . . Nobody ever helps me. . . . And ain't I a woman?

— Sojourner Truth, 1851
 Women's Rights Convention

Sojourner Truth - women's rights
 women's rights convention - Seneca Falls convention

6 In this quotation, Sojourner Truth is emphasizing the -

- ☐ F need for equal treatment of immigrants
☒ G unequal treatment of women

- ☐ J forced Native American leaders out of the U.S. Congress

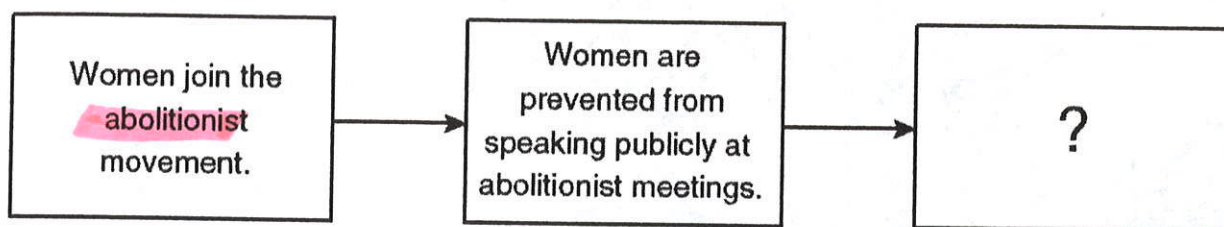
11 In 1828 the U.S. Congress increased taxes paid on imports to protect newly established northern industries from foreign competition. The southern economy was hurt by this protective tariff because the tariff -

- ☐ A increased the price of foreign manufactured goods
☐ B decreased profits for foreign manufacturers
☐ C led to widespread bank failures
☐ D prevented trade with western territories

U.S. Congress - House & Senate
 Great Compromise

South - plantation

Use the diagram and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.



12 Which of these best completes the diagram above?

- ☐ F Women organize in support of temperance.
☐ G Women organize in support of education reform.
☒ H Women organize in support of women's suffrage.
☐ J Women give up political organizing.

abolitionist - get rid of slavery

Temperance - attempt to control alcohol

Suffrage - women's right to vote

13 The steamboat had an important effect on economic development in the United States because it -

- ☐ A was safer than other forms of transportation
☒ B was an efficient method of transporting goods
☐ C could travel faster than the locomotive
☐ D created a need for man-made waterways

Steamboat - Robert Fulton
 Transporting Goods

Use the map and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.

- No **executive branch**
- No levying of taxes
- No regulation of trade
- No national court system

Articles of Confederation - weak

US Constitution - Strong, Federalist
wanted it
mayflower compact - self-gov.

Declaration of

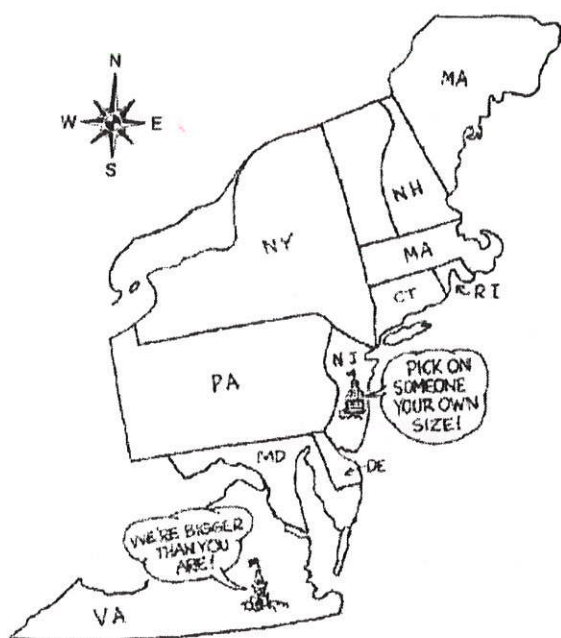
Independence - break away
unalienable rights

executive branch - carry out

17 The list above summarizes some limitations of the national government under the —

- ☐ A Articles of Confederation
- ☐ B U.S. Constitution
- ☐ C Mayflower Compact
- ☐ D Declaration of Independence

Use the cartoon and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.



18 This political cartoon illustrates an issue discussed during the **Constitutional Convention of 1787**. The issue was over -

- ☐ F state boundaries
- ☐ G immigration
- ☐ H branches of government
- ☒ J representation in **Congress**

constitutional Convention - meant to change
Articles of Confederation

Congress - House, Senate,
Great compromise

19 The present-day states of California, Nevada, and Utah were acquired in 1848 from -

- ☐ A Spain
- ☒ B Mexico
- ☐ C Great Britain
- ☐ D Russia

Use the excerpt and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.

- ☐ **G** a lack of factories - North
- ☐ **H** a dependence on government tax breaks
- ☐ **J** several new political parties

25 The primary purpose of the 14th Amendment (1868) was to -

- ☐ **A** guarantee a minimum income for African Americans
- ☒ **B** grant citizenship to African Americans
- ☐ **C** ensure equal congressional representation for African Americans
- ☐ **D** justify the denial of liberties to African Americans

Use the information in the box and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.

- Proposed by two-thirds vote of House and Senate
- Ratified by three-fourths of state legislatures

- Amendment process

26 Which of the following is the best title for the information above?

- ☒ **F** Constitutional Amendment Process
- ☐ **G** Procedures for Impeaching the President
- ☐ **H** Procedures for Appointing Federal Judges
- ☐ **J** President's Role in the Legislative Process

Ticked off North

Expanded Slavery

27 What was a major effect of the 1857 Dred Scott v. Sandford decision?

- ☐ **A** Southerners were upset by the federal government's disregard of states' rights.
- ☐ **B** Stephen Douglas abandoned his support for popular sovereignty.
- ☐ **C** Abraham Lincoln gained national recognition because he wrote the decision.
- ☒ **D** Northerners were angered because the decision could extend slavery into territories.

28 Which colony was founded in 1607 and was successful because of its fertile land, plentiful game, and abundant timber?

- ☒ **F** Virginia
- ☐ **G** Massachusetts
- ☐ **H** Georgia
- ☐ **J** New York

James town

National Bank
People are evil

29 Alexander Hamilton favored a strong federal government because he believed it would benefit the economy. As a result of this belief, he also supported -

- ☐ **A** the abolishment of all tariffs
- ☒ **B** the establishment of a national bank - Alexander Hamilton
- ☐ **C** increasing agricultural activity
- ☐ **D** imposing high taxes on factories - North

30 The Era of Good Feelings, which followed the War of 1812, was characterized by -

- ☐ **F** increased cooperation between the United States and Native Americans
- ☐ **G** the rise of the Federalist Party as a major political force
- ☒ **H** increased nationalism and patriotism in the United States
- ☐ **J** an increase in the number of political parties

War of 1812: National Anthem,
Battle of New Orleans

Era of Good Feeling - Nationalism

nationalism - I love my country

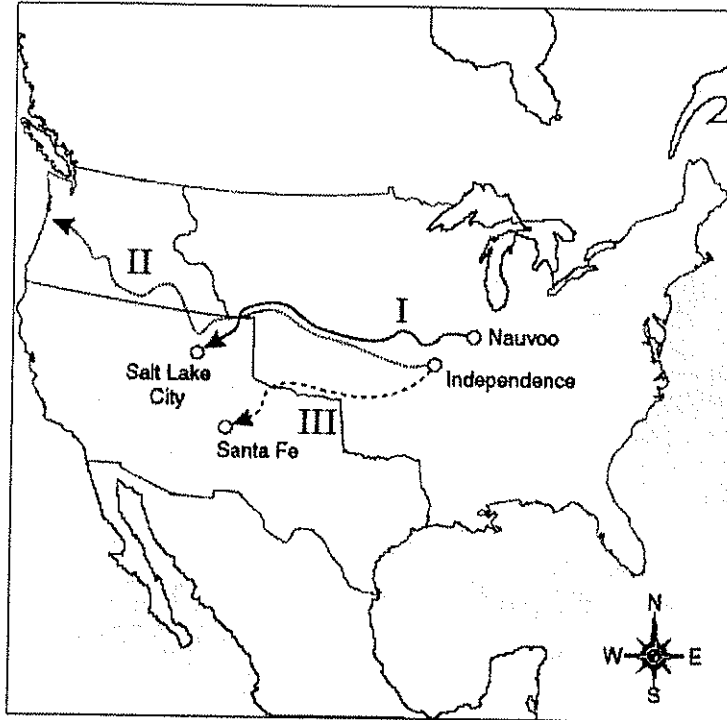
31 Under the terms of the Northwest Ordinance of 1787, new states admitted to the Union -

35 In 1787 James Madison and other ^{Father of the constitution} Federalists supported a written plan for a new government. This plan - ^{wanted constitution}

- ☐ A made changing laws virtually impossible
- ☐ B created a parliamentary government
- ☒ C called for a stronger national government
- ☐ D called for stricter interpretation of the law

Use the map and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.

Trails to the West



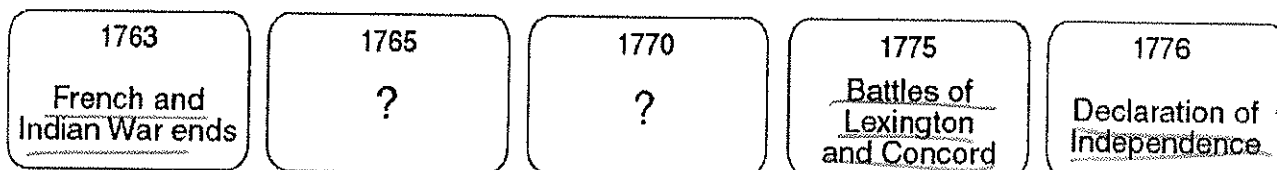
36 Which of these provides the correct labels for the trails shown on the map above?

- ☒ F I. Mormon II. Oregon III. Santa Fe
- ☐ G I. Oregon II. Mormon III. Santa Fe
- ☐ H I. Oregon II. Santa Fe III. Mormon
- ☐ J I. Santa Fe II. Oregon III. Mormon

37 From the point of view of someone living in the American colonies during the 1770s, a patriot was a person who -

- ☐ A attempted to stop all trade with American merchants
- ☐ B supported the authority of the king over the colonies - loyalist
- ☐ C attempted to referee disputes between Great Britain and the colonies
- ☒ D supported the movement for American independence

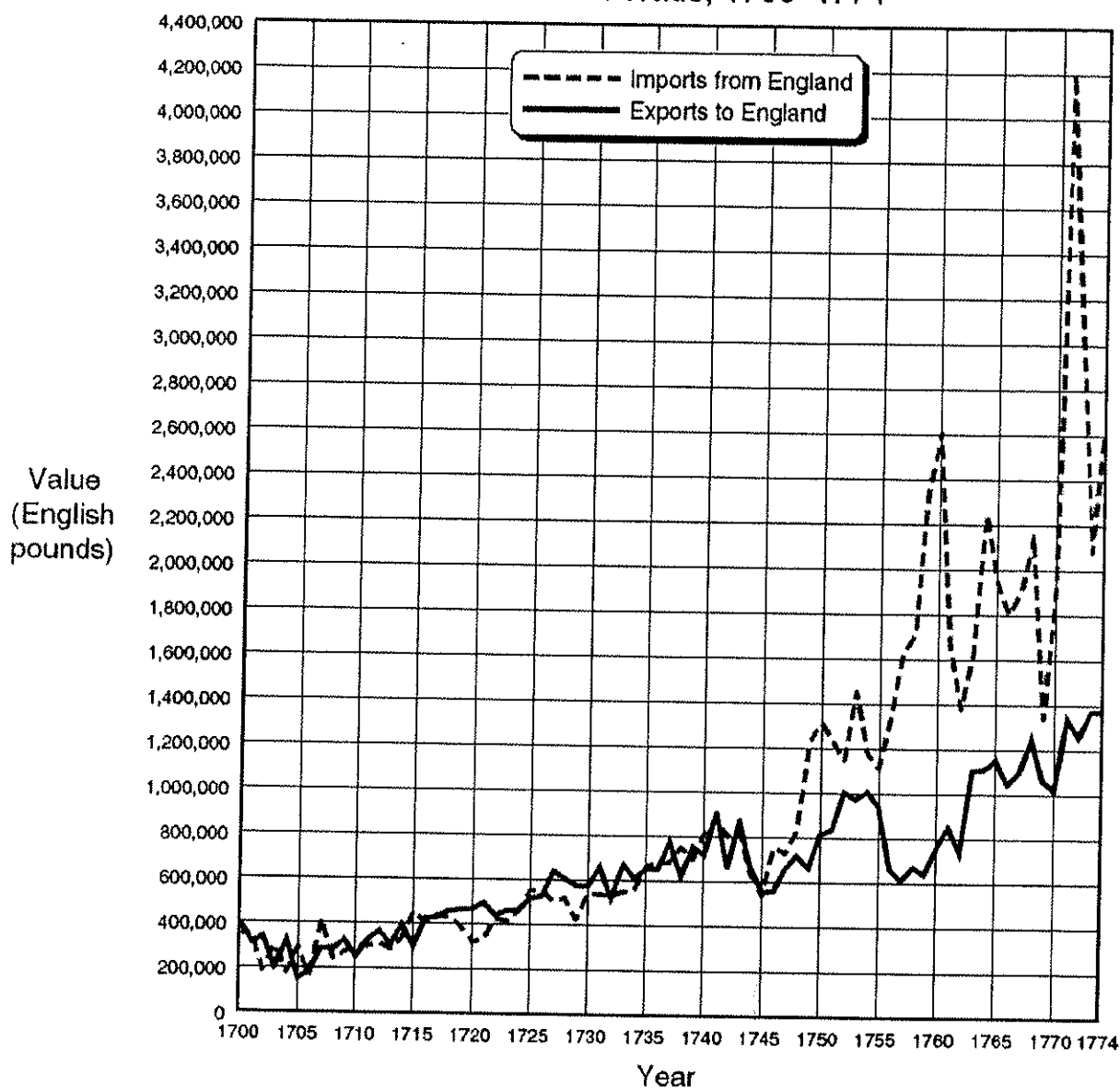
Use the time line and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.



france throw out North America

1st battle of American Rev. shot heard around the world

Colonial Trade, 1700–1774

Source: *Historical Statistics of the United States*

40 According to the graph, between 1745 and 1774, American exports to England -

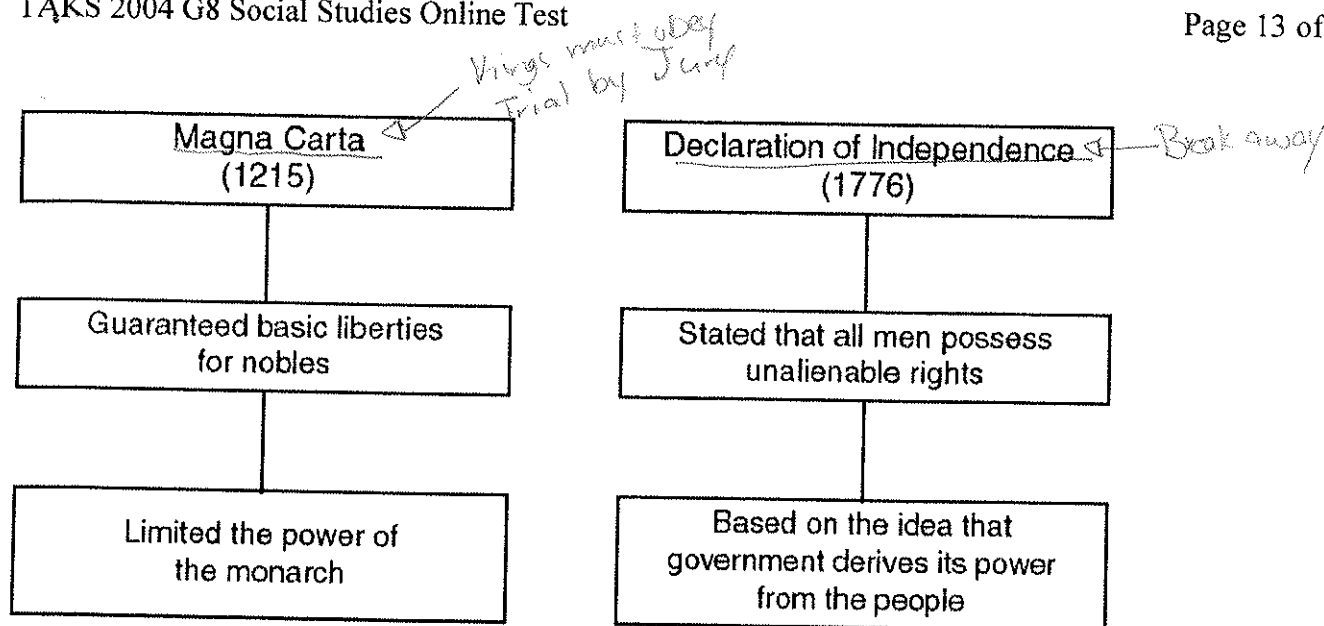
- ☐ F steadily declined in value
- ☐ G had a lower value than imports from England
- ☒ H greatly increased in value
- ☐ J were primarily manufactured goods

Use the excerpt and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.

Education, then, beyond all other devices of human origin, is the great equalizer of the conditions of men. . . .

— Horace Mann, 1848

father of education



46 Which is the best conclusion that can be drawn from this information?

- ☒ F The idea of guaranteeing individual rights developed over time.
- ☐ G Governments gradually became more abusive.
- ☐ H Monarchs learned to enjoy sharing power with their subjects.
- ☐ J The rights of citizens are protected by nobles.

47 As the primary author of the Declaration of Sentiments, Elizabeth Cady Stanton helped advance the -

- ☐ A temperance movement *attempt to control alcohol*
 - ☒ B women's suffrage movement *Women's Rights*
 - ☐ C prison-reform movement
 - ☐ D education-reform movement
- Equal Rights*

Use the information in the box and your knowledge of social studies to answer the following question.

The Liberator - Anti-Slavery

- William Lloyd Garrison — published an abolitionist newspaper *Anti-Slavery*
- John Brown — raided the federal arsenal at Harpers Ferry *underground railroad*
- Harriet Tubman — worked as a "conductor" for the Underground Railroad
- Harriet Beecher Stowe — wrote the novel *Uncle Tom's Cabin* *Uncle Tom's Cabin - Slavery*

48 The actions taken by these people were aimed at -

- ☐ F protecting states' rights *state rights*
- ☐ G passing fugitive-slave laws *captain runaway slaves*
- ☐ H stopping the South from seceding *Plantation*
- ☒ J ending slavery

You have reached the end of the test. To score the test, click on the "Score Test" button. To clear your answers and begin